1000BASE-BX SFP 1490nmTX/1310nmRX 40km DOM Transceiver

SFP-1G-BXDA-40-LL



Application

- Switch to Switch Interface
- Fast Ethernet
- Switched Backplane Applications
- Router/Server Interface
- Other Optical Links

Features

- Operating data rate Up to 1.25Gb/s
- Two types: A:1310nm DFB transmitter /1490nm receiver
 B:1490nm DFB transmitter/1310nm receiver
- Up to 40km on 9/125μm SMF
- Hot-pluggable SFP footprint
- BIDI LC/UPC type pluggable optical interface

- Low power dissipation
- Metal enclosure, for lower EMI
- RoHS compliant and lead-free
- Support Digital Diagnostic Monitor interface
- Single +3.3V power supply
- Case operating temperature: Commercial: 0° C ~ 70° C Extended: -20° C ~ 85° C Industrial: -40° C ~ 85° C
- Compliant with MSA SFP Specification

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- Compliant with SFF-8472
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3z

Description

Longline SFP-1G-BXDA-40-LLSFP transceiver is compatible with the Small Form Factor Pluggable Multi-Sourcing Agreement (MSA). The transceiver consists of five sections : the LD driver , the limiting amplifier , the digital diagnostic monitor , the 1310 nm FP laser (the 1490 nm DFB laser) and the PIN/TIA. The module data link up to 40km in 9/125 um Single-mode fiber.

This transceiver meets the Small Form Pluggable (SFP) industry standard package utilizing an integral LC-Bi-dirictional optical interface connector. An enhanced Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Interface compliant with SFF-8472 has been incorporated into the transceiver. It allows real time access to the transceiver operating parameters such as transceiver temperature, laser bias current, transmitted optical power, received optical power and transceiver supply voltage by reading a built-in memory with I²C interface.

The optical output can be disabled by a LVTTL logic high-level input of Tx Disable, and the system also can disable the module via I²C. Tx Fault is provided to indicate that degradation of the laser. Loss of signal (LOS) output is provided to indicate the loss of an input optical signal of receiver or the link status with partner. The system can also get the LOS (or Link)/Disable/Fault information via I²C register access.

Product Specifications

I.General Specifications

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Bit Rate	BR			1.25	Gb/sec
Max.Supported Link Length	Lmax			40	km

II. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40		85	٥C	
Storage Ambient Humidity	H _A	5		95	%	
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	-0.5		4	V	
Signal Input Voltage		-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V	
Receiver Damage Threshold		+3			dBm	
Lead Soldering Temperature/Time	T_{sold}			260/10	°C/sec	Note 1
Lead Soldering Temperature/Time	T_{sold}			360/10	°C/sec	Note 2

Notes:

1. Suitable for wave soldering.

2. Only for soldering by iron.

III. Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.
		0		70		SFP-GE-BXF34(B43)-C
Case Operating Temperature	T _{case}	-20		85	٥C	SFP-GE-BXF34(B43)-E
		-40		85		SFP-GE-BXF34(B43)-I

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Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.
Ambient Humidity	H _A	5		70	%	Non-condensing
Power Supply Voltage	V _{cc}	3.13	3.3	3.47	V	
Power Supply Current	I _{cc}			280	mA	
Data Rate			1250/1250		Mbps	TX Rate/RX Rate
Transmission Distance				40	km	
Coupled Fiber		S	9/125µm G.652			
		т	ransmitter			

Transmitter

Total Supply Current	I _{CC}		A	mA	
Transmitter Disable Input-High	V _{DISH}	2	Vcc+0.3	V	Note 1
Transmitter Disable Input-Low	V _{DISL}	0	0.8	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Fault Input-High	V_{TxFH}	2	Vcc+0.3	V	LVTTL
Transmitter Fault Input-Low	V_{TxFL}	0	0.8	V	LVTTL

Receiver

Total Supply Current	I _{cc}		В	mA	Note 1
LOS Output Voltage- High	V_{LOSH}	2	V _{CC} +0.3	V	LVTTL
LOS Output Voltage- Low	V _{LOSL}	0	0.8	V	LVTTL

Note:

1. A (TX) + B (RX) = 280mA (Not include termination circuit)



IV. Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit	Ref.				
Transmitter										
Average Output	Pout	-3		+2	dBm	SFP-GE-BXF34				
Power	' OUT	-5		0	dbiii	SFP-GE-BXB43				
Extinction Ratio	ER	9			dB					
Center Wavelength	λ _c	1260	1310	1360	nm	SFP-GE-BXF34				
center wavelength	Λ _C	1470	1490	1510		SFP-GE-BXB43				
Spectrum Width (RMS)	σ			3.5	nm	FP Laser(TX:1310nm)				
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30			dB	DFB Laser(TX:1490nm)				
Spectrum Bandwidth(-20dB)	σ			1	nm					
Transmitter OFF Output Power	P_{OFF}			-45	dBm					
Jitter p-p	tj			0.1	UI	Note 1				
Output Eye Mask	Compliant v	vith IEEE802.3	3 z (class 1 la	ser safety)		Note 2				
		vith IEEE802.3	3 z (class 1 la							

Receiver

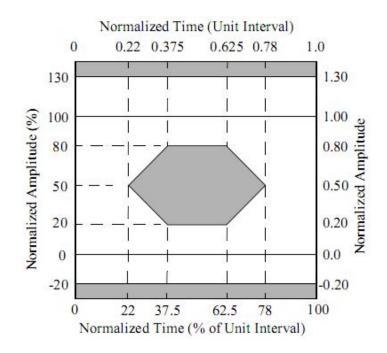
Input Optical Wavelength)	1440	1490	1540	22	SFP-GE-BXF34
Wavelength	Λ _{IN}	1290	1310	1330	nm	SFP-GE-BXB43

Receiver Sensitivity	P _{IN}		-23	dBm	Note 3
InputSaturation Power (Overload)	P _{SAT}	-3		dBm	
Loss of Signal Assert	P _A	-45		dBm	
Loss of Signal De- assert	P _D		-23.5	dBm	Note 4
LOS Hysteresis	P _D -P _A	0.5	6	dB	

Notes:

1. Measure at 2^7-1 NRZ PRBS pattern.

2. Transmitter eye mask definition.

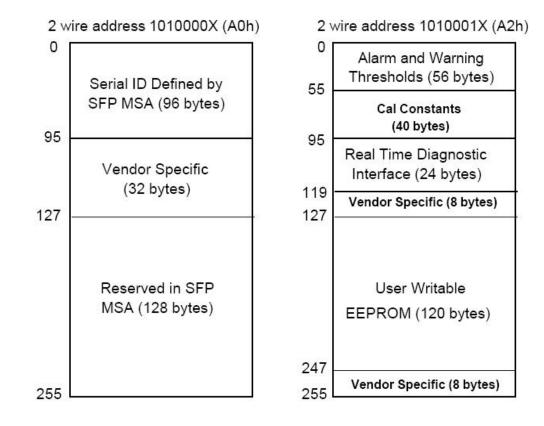


3. Measured with light source 1490nm(1310nm), ER=9dB; BER =<10^-12 @PRBS=2^7-1 NRZ

4. When LOS De-asserted, the RX data+/- output is signal output.

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V. Digital Diagnostic Memory Map



VI. Digital Diagnostic Monitoring Information

Parameter	Unit	Accuracy
Case Temperature	C	±3
Supply Voltage	V	± 3%
TX Bias Current	mA	±10%
TX Optical Power	dB	±3
RX Optical Power	dB	±3

VII. Pin Description

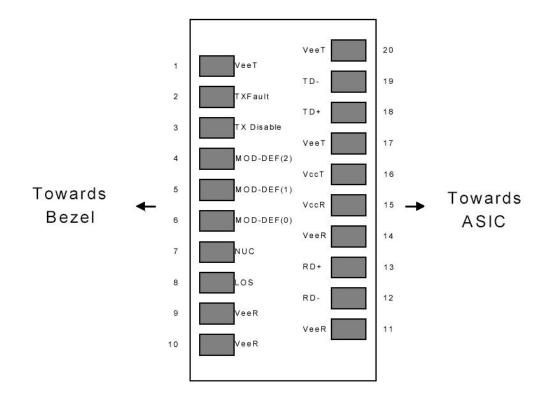


Figure 1. Pin out of Connector Block on Host Board

Pin	Symbol	Name/Description	Ref.
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
2	T _{FAULT}	Transmitter Fault.Open Drain. Logic "0" indicates normal operation.	2
3	T _{DIS}	Transmitter Disable. Laser output disabled on high or open.	3
4	MOD_DEF(2)	Module Definition 2. Data line for Serial ID.	4
5	MOD_DEF(1)	Module Definition 1. Clock line for Serial ID.	4
6	MOD_DEF(0)	Module Definition 0. Grounded within the module.	4
7	Rate Select	No connection required.	

8	LOS	Loss of Signal indication. Open Drain. Logic "0" indicates normal operation.	5
9	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
10	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
11	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
12	RD-	Receiver Inverted DATA out(CML). AC Coupled	
13	RD+	Receiver Non-inverted DATA out(CML). AC Coupled	
14	V _{EER}	Receiver Ground (Common with Transmitter Ground)	1
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1
18	TD+	Transmitter Non-Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
19	TD-	Transmitter Inverted DATA in. AC Coupled.	
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground (Common with Receiver Ground)	1

Notes:

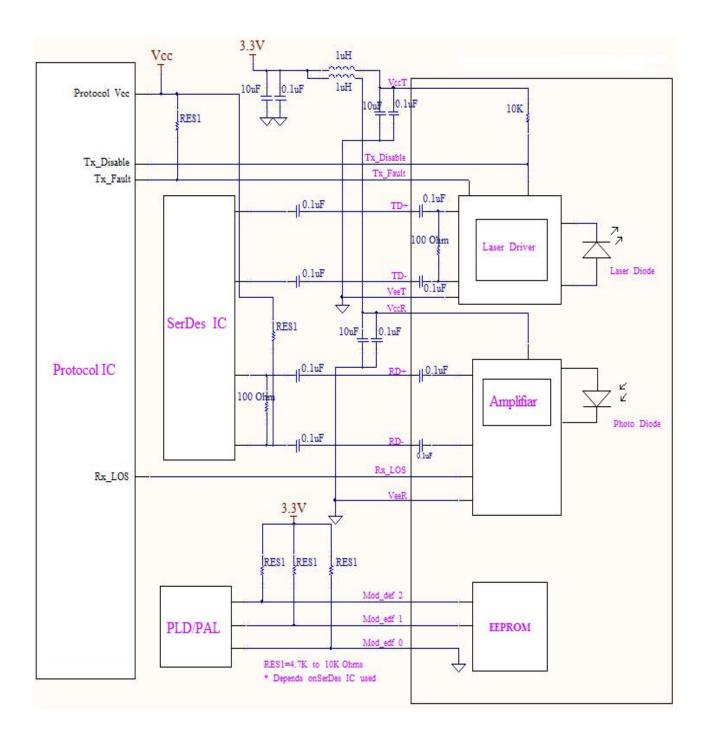
1. Circuit ground is internally isolated from chassis ground.

2.TX Fault is an open drain output, which should be pulled up with $4.7K - 10K\Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. When high, output indicates < 0.8V. When sensing an improper power level in the laser driver, the SFP sets this signal high and turns off the laser. TX-FAULT can be reset with the TX-DISABLE line. The signal is in LVTTL level.

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- 3. TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Its states are: Low (0 0.8V): Transmitter on; (>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined; High (2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V): Transmitter Disabled; Open: Transmitter Disabled. The TX-DISABLE signal is high (LVTTL logic "1") to turn off the laser output. The laser will turn on when TX-DISABLE is low (LVTTL logic "0").</p>
- 4. Should be pulled up with 4.7K 10KΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. MOD_DEF (0) pulls line low to indicate module is plugged in.
- 5.LOS (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with 4.7K 10KΩ resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V to VccT/R+0.3V. When high, this output indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V. The RX-LOS is high (LVTTL logic "1") when there is no incoming light from the companion transceiver. This signal is normally used by the system for the diagnostic purpose. The signal is operated in LVTTL level.

VIII. Recommend Circuit Schematic



IX. Mechanical Specifications

